

ENVIRONMENT STATEMENT REPORT

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR 2018-19

Submitted to SPCB under Rule 14 of The Environment (Protection) Rules' 1986



M/s. PARADEEP PHOSPHATES LIMITED PPL TOWNSHIP PARADEEP - 754145 JAGATSINGHPUR, ODISHA

INTRODUCTION:

M/s. Paradeep Phosphates Limited is located at Paradeep in Jagatsinghpur District, Orissa. It is 90kms from Cuttack. The Plant site is located at 20°16'56" North Latitude and 86°38'52" East Longitude, west side of Paradeep Port as indicated in the Toposheet Map. The plant encompasses 950 hectares of area. Mahanadi River is 5km from the plant site and meets Bay of Bengal, which is 5.3 km away from the site. Atharbanki creek is flowing along the boundary wall of the site and is in between Paradeep Port site and the factory.

Paradeep Phosphates Limited (PPL) incorporated in 1981 was initially a joint venture between the Government of India and the Republic of Nauru and subsequently changed into a wholly owned Government of India Enterprise. After disinvestment by the Government of India in February, 2002, the management of the company is with the fertilizer majors Zuari-Chambal Group and OCP Morocco. PPL is a prime player in the Phosphatic Fertilizers which have applications in a wide range of crops.

M/s. PPL is facilitated to produce 5000 TPD of complex Phosphatic fertilizer ,4400 TPD of Sulphuric acid and 1400 TPD of Phosphoric acid and 2X16 MW plus 1X23 MW power to meet the need of valued customers. The fertilizer complex is using imported Sulphur and rock phosphate to produce Sulphuric acid and Phosphoric acids. The captive production of Phosphoric acid can not cater to four streams of DAP plant. Part of phosphoric acid requirement is met through imports. The requirement of ammonia is met through import.

M/s. PPL has taken steps towards the Co-Generation of the waste heat recovery for their Captive Power Generation by utilizing the waste steam generated from the Sulphuric acid Plant. Sulphuric acid plant-C is designed with new HRS technology to utilize the heat for production of steam.

M/s. PPL has certified by ISO 9001, ISO 14001, OHSAS 18001, ISO 50001, Protect & Sustain & 5S certifications with Integrated Management System (IMS) for its good management systems; thus implying that along with technical advancement, the company also values maintaining and working towards a clean and safe environment. Paradeep Phosphates Limited has established a full-fledged Environment Management Laboratory accredited by National Accreditation Board for Testing and calibration Laboratories (NABL), QCI, Govt. of India.

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Paradeep Phosphates Limited is functioning since inception with its policy "*To strive for an Environment of beyond compliance in plants and to raise Environmental awareness in the neighboring community*". PPL is also adopted environmentally sound technologies and management practices for "optimum utilization and conservation of natural resources."

M/s. PPL has adopted various state of arts technologies in Phosphatic fertilizers, Sulphuric Acid, Phosphoric Acid and Zypmite production at the site, equipped with best Pollution Control Equipments (PCE's) to control the pollution at source, also controlling the solid and liquid wastes by adopting the recycle and reuse process. M/s. PPL has shown its endeavor towards philosophy of "Sustainable Development". In addition to this a separate dedicated Environment Management Department is there, which is showing its impactful performance for environmental monitoring on regular basis to maintain the clean and green environment in and around the plant premises.

M/s. PPL is deeply committed for the development and welfare of the larger community in its area of operations. The company continues its tremendous efforts for rural uplifting with a host of programmes and interventions. A dedicated CSR team is working for the socio-economic development of the surrounding villages. PPL is arranging medical camps, agricultural training, and women empower training and children development plan etc.

PPL has its own Sewage Treatment Plant (STP) with a treatment capacity of 150 m³/Hr. based on activated sludge process. Similarly one Effluent Treatment Plant (ETP) is installed; having 200 m³/Hr. effluent water treatment capacity. The treated water is being reused in ball mill process & also utilized in gardening purpose. PPL is giving attention for recycling of all the solid waste (by products) generated from the process as filler in the process. Large quantity of Phospho-Gypsum is being sold to the farmers for their soil treatment and to cement industries also. A Gypmite plant of capacity 240 TPD is installed and commissioned to use huge quantity of Phospho-gypsum for the production of micronutrient fertilizer Gypmite. Apart from this PPL has installed Ammonia flare stack and Fluorine Recovery Unit.

M/s. PPL has planted more than 6.74 Lakhs trees in and around the plant premises, colony & road sides of Gypsum pond area. About 39% of total area is covered with bushy plantation.

FACILITIES INSTALLED:

In order to furnish the requirement of Phosphatic Fertilizer, M/s. PPL has installed the following facilities at PPL Township, Paradeep, Jagatsinghpur, Odisha.

1.	Phosphatic Fertilizer (DAP/NPK) Plant : 4 X 1250 TPD			
2.	Sulphuric Acid Plant	: 4400 TPD (Total)		
		➢ 2 X 1200 TPD		
		➢ 1 X 2000 TPD		
3.	Phosphoric Acid Plant	: 1400 TPD		
4.	Electrical Energy	: 55 MW (Total)		
		➤ 2 X 16 MW (TG - 1 & 2)		
		➢ 1 X 23 MW (TG - 3)		
5.	Zypmite Plant	: 240 TPD		

The Plant has obtained Consent to Operate (CTO) from SPCB, Odisha for its entire Plant, valid up to 31st March, 2022.

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FORM -V

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$\mathbf{FORM} - \mathbf{V}$

ENVIRONMENTAL STATEMENT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDING ON 31st MARCH' 2019

<u>PART – A</u>

i)	Name and address of the Owner/ Occupier of the industry, operation or process:	:	Mr. Sunil Sethy M/s. Paradeep Phosphates Ltd. PPL Township, Paradeep – 754145 Dist. Jagatsingpur (Odisha)
ii)	Industry Category Primary (STC Code)	:	Fertilizer

- iii) Secondary (SIC code) : Red
- **iii**) Production Capacity

Sr. No.	Products	Quantity
1.	Phosphatic Fertilizers (4 x 1250 TPD)	5000 TPD
2.	Sulphuric Acid (2 x 1200) TPD) + (1 X 2000 TPD)	4400 TPD
3.	Phosphoric Acid	1400 TPD
4.	Electric Energy (2 x 16 MW) + (1 X 23 MW)	55 MW
5.	Zypmite	240 TPD

- iv) Year of Establishment : 1981
- v) Date of last Environmental : 26 September 2018 Statement return submitted.

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PART –B

WATER & RAW MATERIAL CONSUMPTION

Water consumption (m ³ /Day)	2017-2018	2018-2019		
Process*	9180	8740		
Cooling**	3518	2865		
Domestic***	6531	6390		
Total	19229	17995		
* Includes fresh water for water make up, DM water, Service water etc.				
** Includes fresh water for cooling tower make up.				
*** Includes water for drinking, toilets, washing & canteen supply in plant.				

Water consumption per unit of product (m³/MT):

Sl. No.	Name of products	During previous Financial Year 2017 - 2018	During present Financial Year 2018 - 2019
I.	DAP/NPK	$0.1 \text{ m}^3/\text{MT}$	$0.1 \text{m}^3/\text{MT}$
II.	SAP	$0.7 m^{3}/MT$	$0.7 m^{3}/MT$
III.	PAP	5.2 m^{3}/MT	5.3 m ³ /MT
IV.	CPP - Electricity	9.4 m ³ /MW of Electricity	9.7 m ³ /MW of Electricity
- • •	err Liceatery	generation	generation

I. Raw Material Consumption

		Consumption of raw material per unit of output (T/ton of DAP)			
Sl. No.	Name of Raw Material	During the previous Financial year 2017 - 2018	During the present Financial year 2018 - 2019		
1	Phosphoric acid as P ₂ O ₅	0.466	0.467		
2	NH ₃	0.226	0.225		
3	Sulphuric acid	0.012	0.010		
4	Filler	0.049	0.055		
		÷	aterial per unit of output osphoric acid)		
5	Rock phosphate	3.428	3.312		
		Consumption of raw materia	l per unit of output (T/ton of		
		Sulphur			
6	Sulphur	0.330	0.321		

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PART –C

POLLUTION DISCHARGED TO ENVIRONMENT/ UNIT OF OUTPUT (PARAMETERS AS SPECIFIED IN CONSENT ISSUED)

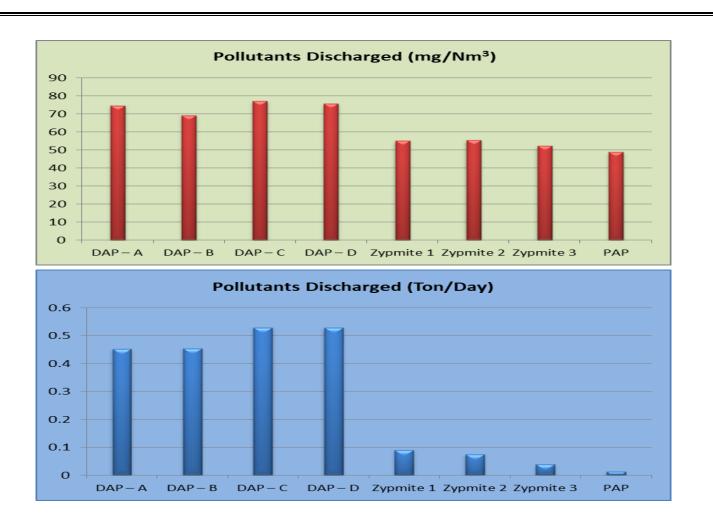
Pollutants	Quantity of pollution	Concentration of *	OSPCB prescribed
	generated	Pollutants in discharge	standards
A) Water (m3/day)) STP- 1611		
	ETP- 1453		
pH			
Suspended solid			
TDS			
BOD		Please refer	r annexure I
COD			
O&G			
Fluoride			
Phosphate			

* These figures are average figures based on the regular monitoring being done at the STP and ETP.

B) Air Pollutants:

SI No.	Stack details	Pollutants	Quantity of Pollutants discharged (mass/day) (Ton/day) 2018-2019	Concentration of Pollutants discharged (mass/volume) (mg/Nm3) 2018-2019	Percentage of variation from prescribed standard with reasons
1	DAP – A		0.45	74.60	
2	DAP – B		0.45	69.20	
3	DAP – C		0.53	77.10	Complied. Observed PM concentrations are well within
4	DAP – D	PM	0.53	75.60	
5	Zypmite – 1	(mg/Nm^3)	0.09	55.00	
6	Zypmite – 2		0.07	55.40	the stipulated
7	Zypmite – 3		0.04	52.20	limits. (<100 mg/Nm ³)
8	PAP		0.01	48.80	((100 mg/10m))
9	SAP	NA		NA	

Note: Please refer Annexure-II for details of each stacks & ambient air Quality monitoring. *NA - Not Applicable



PART –D

Hazardous Wastes

(As specified under Hazardous Wastes Management and Handling Rules, 1989 & amendment on 2016)

	Total Quantit	ty Generated
Hazardous wastes	During the current financial year 2017- 2018	During the current financial year 2018- 2019
Sulphur Muck (MT)	3624	2548.20
Spent Catalyst (MT)	30.10	34.56
Used Oil (KL)	14.42	0.55
Waste containing oil (MT)	0.125	Nil
Oily sludge (KG)	150	35
Fluoride containing waste (MT)	1926.70	2268.40
Spent Resin (KL)	Nil	Nil
Sludge/Residue containing Arsenic (MT)	6552	Nil
Inorganic Acids (M ³)	Nil	Nil
Discarded barrels / containers (Nos.)	96	1
Sludge from wet scrubber (MT)	Nil	Nil
Chromium sludge from water cooling tower (MT)	Nil	Nil

<u>PART –E</u>

		Quantity (in MT)		
Solid wastes		During the previous financial year 2017 - 2018	During the current financial year 2018 - 2019	
From process Phospho-Gypsum		14,55,750	14,69,250	
	DAP – A	1384.20	1421.59	
From Pollution Control	DAP – B	1419.00	1428.56	
facilities	DAP – C	1522.90	1455.69	
Tacinues	DAP – D	1519.90	1423.70	
	PAP	1411.80	1473.59	

Solid Waste Generation

Note: Based on Air Pollution Control Equipment designed flow and actual running hours. All the dust collected in APCE is automatically recycled into the process.

PART –F

Please specify the characteristics in terms of concentration and quantum of Hazardous as well as solid wastes and indicated disposal practice adopted for both these categories of waste.

Sl. No.	Hazardous wastes	Nature	Source	Generation Quantity/ Annum	Frequency of generation	Mode of Disposal
1.	Sulphur Muck (MT)	Solid	SAP	2548.20	Daily	Used as filler in DAP plant
2.	Spent Catalyst (MT)	Solid	SAP	34.56	Annual	Safely stored under shed in lime silo & disposed to CPCB authorized vendor.
3.	Used Oil (KL)	Liquid	Plant/ Workshop	0.55	Occasional	Sold to authorize recyclers.
4.	Waste containing oil (MT)	Solid	CPP/Workshop/ PAP	Nil	Occasional	Sold to authorize recyclers.
5.	Oily sludge (KG)	Solid	Fuel oil handling areas	35	Occasional	Reused as filler in DAP plant.
6.	Fluoride containing waste (MT)	Solid	ETP	2268.40	Daily	Used as filler in DAP /PAP plant.
7.	Spent Resin (KL)	Liquid	DM water plant	Nil	Occasional	Disposed of in Engineering Landfill
8.	Sludge/Residue containing Arsenic (MT)	Solid	РАР	Nil	Occasional	Reused in PAP process.
9.	Inorganic Acids (M^3)	Liquid	PAP	Nil	Annual	Disposed of in Engineering Landfill.
10.	Discarded barrels / containers (Nos.)	Solid	Stores/ SAP	1	Annual	Disposal to authorized dealers.
11.	Sludge from wet scrubber (MT)	Solid	PAP	Nil	Annual	Reused in PAP process.
12.	Chromium sludge from water CT (MT)	Solid	SAP/ CPP	Nil	Annual	Reused in DAP process.

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PART -G

<u>Impact of the pollution control measures on conservation of natural resources and consequently on the cost of production</u>:

PPL has adopted all modern process technologies to control the pollutants at source itself. All the plants are having the most sophisticated Pollution Control devices for air and water as mentioned below;

Sl No.	Process/ Plant	Control Measures	
01	SAP	DCDA Process, Imported V2O5 Catalyst, Candle Filter, Alkali scrubbers, Mist eliminator/demister pad, Stack (120 mtr),	
		continuous SO2 analyzer in stack.	
02	PAP	Wet Grinding of Rock, 3 stages Fumes scrubbers,	
		Hydroflusosilicic acid recycling, FRU, Stack (50mtr),	
		continuous HF and PM analyzers.	
03	DAP	Cyclone, Venturi Scrubbers, Mist Eliminator, Stacks (50mtr),	
		continuous HF analyzer.	
04	Effluent/Sewage	ETP & STP.	
	treatment		

PART –H

Additional measures / investment proposal for environmental protection including abatement of pollution, prevention of pollution:

a) Additional measures:

1. Truck mounted water tankers were engaged for water sprinkling to control dust pollution due to vehicular movement.

2. Sweeping machine is used to take care of fugitive dust emission.

3. Concrete enclosures were provided for the raw material silos to prevent dust pollution.



Concrete Enclosures For Silo

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4. Concrete enclosures were provided for cross country conveyor belts from jetty to the plant for prevention of dust pollution due to raw material transfer.

5. Bag filters were installed at raw material transfer points from jetty to the plant for prevention of air pollution.

6. Online Continuous Emission Monitoring systems were installed at major process stacks for continuous monitoring of critical parameters and the online data thus generated is being transmitting to SPCB/CPCB server continuously.

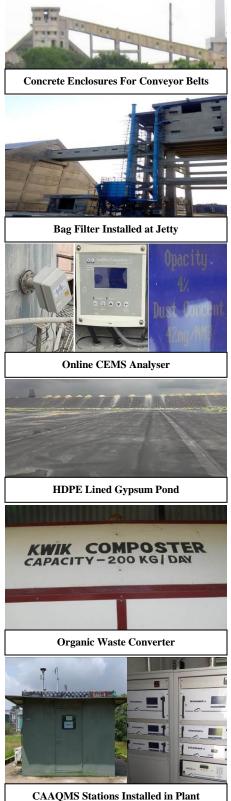
7. HDPE layered gypsum pond was constructed to take care of Phospho-Gypsum generated as by product of PAP process.

8. An organic waste converter of 200 Kg/Day was installed and commissioned for conversion of bio degradable waste to organic compost.

9. Four numbers of Continuous Ambient Air Quality Monitoring stations were installed and commissioned inside the plant for monitoring of ambient air quality parameters such as PM_{10} , $PM_{2.5}$, SO_2 , NO_x , CO and NH_3 . Online real time data thus generated is being transmitting to SPCB and CPCB round the clock.

b) Investment Incurred:

An amount of Rs. 779/- lakhs have been invested towards protection of environment under Air/Water Act during FY 2018-19.



PART - I

Any other particulars for improving the quality of the environment:

- **i.** We continually strive to integrate sustainability into our operations through effective resources management, fostering a safe, inclusive and productive work place, materials stewardship, responsible energy use, water use optimization, positive waste management and conservation of bio-diversity.
- **ii.** We have taken certain measures to reduce or mitigate fugitive emissions from our operations. One such measure is the installation of efficient Sulphuric acid mist eliminators in our Sulphur acid plant. We have also provided fume scrubbers in our phosphoric acid plant to reduce fluoride emissions. Additionally, we conduct regular operation and maintenance activities for our ducts and vents to detect possible leakages in order to control fugitive Sox emissions.
- **iii.** In order to prevent venting of ammonia or any process gas in emergency situations, we have installed a flaring system in our stacks. This system burns off all excess process gases completely, minimizing all hazards arising due to venting. One of the most significant steps we have taken to monitor air quality real time to install ambient air quality monitoring stations in the periphery of our plant. The real time data from the stations is being transmitted to OSPCB and CPCB server.
- **iv.** We have established our own Environmental Management Department with well-equipped environment laboratory for regular monitoring of various environmental parameters and to ensure compliance of all statutory obligations from time to time. Through this department and key personnel in other departments, we regularly monitor various environmental performance parameters. The department provides regular feedback to the management for continual improvement in environmental performance.
- **v.** Gypsum is one of the most significant wastes produced at our operations. Daily, our operations produce over 7000 MT of gypsum. Over the years, we have stored our gypsum waste at site and invested our efforts into researching possible opportunities for value creation through use of gypsum. About 500 meters of road is made by utilizing neutralized phospho gypsum for trial use with the collaboration of CRRI. Zypmite is a Phospho-gypsum fertilizer made from gypsum generated by our plant and basic slag waste generated by the nearby steel industries.
- vi. Apart from optimizing materials used by our operations, managing waste generated from our facilities is another focus area of our material stewardship activities. We take consistent measures to ensure that the waste going out of our premises or stored at our facilities has minimal, or no impact on the environment. In this regard, we try to maximize the reuse of

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waste inside our operational boundaries. We utilize sulphur muck generated from our Sulphuric Acid plant in the Phosphatic fertilizer manufacturing process as filler. All drain sludge and ETP sludge is utilized in our Phosphatic Fertilizer Plant as filler.

vii. World Environment Day:

- M/s. PPL had celebrated World Environment Day 2018 with the Theme of "*Beat Plastic Pollution*", in presence of Honorable Chief Guest Dr. Mukesh Mahaling, Regional Officer, Odisha State Pollution Control Board, Paradeep, Odisha.
- ➤ The World Environment Day was celebrated throughout the week, to create environmental awareness among the employees and workers.
- Various environment related competitions, essay, Poster, drawing and Slogan competition were organised covering employees, Contractor's Employee and family members and prize had been distributed to the winners on the eve occasion of World Environment Day – 2018.
- > The mass plantation drive has been organised for the World Environment Day -2018.

<u>Glimpses of World Environment Day - 2018</u>



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viii. NABL Accredited Environment Laboratory:

- The Plant had already developed a well-equipped Environmental laboratory for monitoring of various environmental parameters with latest sophisticated Instruments.
- ➤ The environmental laboratory has been bagged the accreditation from NABL (ISO/IEC 17025:2005).



Annexure-I

TREATED EFFLUENT QUALITY

(From April' 18 to March' 19)

A. EFFLUENT TREATMENT PLANT (ETP)

Sl No	Parameters	Prescribed limit by OSPCB (mg/l)	Minimum (mg/l)	Maximum (mg/l)	Yearly Average (mg/l)
1	pH	6.5 ~ 8.5	6.90	7.70	7.30
2	Phosphate as P	5	0.35	2.62	1.68
3	Fluoride as F	2	1.18	1.75	1.40
4	Suspended Solids	100	30.40	42.80	36.71
5	Total Dissolved Solids	2100	462.00	784.20	620.33
6	Biochemical Oxygen Demand(BOD) 3 days at 27°C	30	6.50	16.60	10.14
7	Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD)	250	32.00	65.00	51.88
8	Oil & Grease	10	1.08	2.08	1.63

B. SEWAGE TREATMENT PLANT (STP)

Sl No	Parameters	Prescribed limit by OSPCB (mg/l)	Minimum (mg/l)	Maximum (mg/l)	Yearly Average (mg/l)
1	рН	6.5 ~ 9.0	6.80	7.60	7.07
2	Suspended Solids	20	9.50	19.50	12.69
3	Biochemical Oxygen Demand(BOD) 3 days at 27°C	10	3.30	9.30	6.47
4	Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD)	50	32.00	39.49	48.00
5	Ammoniacal Nitrogen	5	1.02	1.76	1.30
6	Total Nitrogen	10	1.16	3.72	1.85
7	Fecal Coliform	< 100 MPN	38.00	46.42	58.00

ND: Not Detectable

All results are based on yearly average values.

<u>Annexure –II</u>

AIR QUALITY STATUS

(From April' 18 TO March' 19)

(A) STACK EMISSION DATA

Sl No	Stack location	PM	SO ₂	Acid Mist	Total Fluoride	
Prescribed Limit		100 mg /Nm ³	1.5/1.0 Kg/T of H ₂ So ₄ 50 mg /Nm ³		25 mg /Nm ³	
1	DAP – A	74.60		1.9		
2	DAP – B	69.20		1.6		
3	DAP – C	77.10		1.8		
4	DAP – D	75.60	NA	1.7		
5	Zypmite- 1	55.00		NA		
6	Zypmite -2	55.40				
7	Zypmite-3	52.20				
8	SAP – A		0.9	27.3		
9	SAP – B	NA	0.8	28.7	NA	
10	SAP – C		0.8 23.2			
11	PAP	48.80	NA		5.1	

NA: Not Applicable

(B) AMBIENT AIR QUALITY DATA

Sl No	Location	PM 2.5	PM 10	SO ₂	NOx	NH ₃
Prescribed limit		60 (ug/m ³)	100 (ug/m ³)	80 (ug/m ³)	80 (ug/m ³)	400 (ug/m ³)
1	Near Fire & Safety Building	31.60	51.80	29.40	12.30	27.60
2	PPL Guest House	28.80	45.70	31.20	12.20	24.20
3	Near MOP silo	29.40	46.90	33.80	17.00	20.50
4	Near Rock Silo	24.90	50.40	24.90	19.80	28.40

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